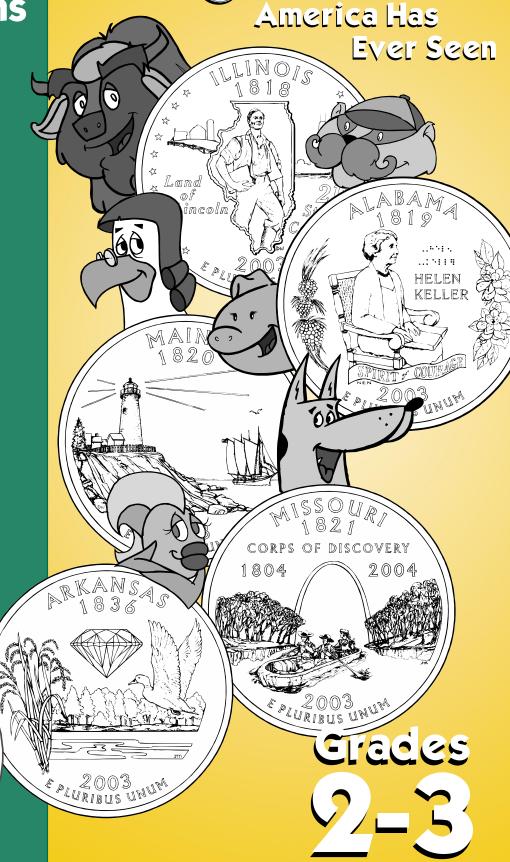
2003
Lesson Plans



This teaching guide includes:

- ◆ 6 teacher-friendly lesson plans that fit easily into your curriculum
- Reproducible student worksheets that coincide with each lesson
- Fun state facts and information on the new quarter designs

USA map template with state outlines



The Greatest

Educati and Change



The United States Mint Has Big Plans for You!

Kids and coin collecting go hand in hand! By downloading the most recent sets of 50 State Quarters® Program lesson plans, you are able to bring the excitement of America's quarter craze right into your own classroom.

Launched in 1999, the United States Mint 50 State Quarters Program is a 10-year coin initiative commemorating each of the nation's states in the order that were admitted into the Union. Approximately every ten weeks (five times a year) through 2008, a new limited-edition quarter that displays an individual state's design is released into general circulation.

As it has every year since the beginning of this program, the United States Mint is offering the public three free sets of lesson plans (for grades K–1, 2–3, and 4–6) that are designed to bring life to the history and beauty of our country. Moreover, these plans, created and reviewed by teachers to meet your curricular goals, draw upon the specific designs of the commemorative quarter reverses to help inspire students to learn about the culture, geography, and unique heritage of each state.

Each set of lesson plans blends clear instructions with kid-friendly reproducible worksheets, background information, and answer keys to help make instruction easier for you!

Within the 2003 50 State Quarters Program lesson plans, you will also notice a strong connection to the United States Mint H.I.P. Pocket Change[™] Web site ("HPC"). Appearing on the cover as well as within the plans themselves, the coin-loving HPC Pals will show you ways to supplement the quarter activities with all of the fun and educational resources available on the site!

The United States Mint H.I.P. Pocket Change Web site, located at www.usmint.gov/kids, is dedicated to promoting lifelong pleasure in coins and coin collecting. Through games, informational features, and interactive animated cartoons, HPC introduces students to what's H.I.P. about coins—they're "History In your Pocket."

The United States Mint is proud to be taking such an active role in promoting knowledge about the individual states, their history and geography, and the rich diversity of the national heritage among America's youth. Take some time to explore all of the high quality educational resources available on the United States Mint H.I.P. Pocket Change Web site, including the materials related to the 50 State Quarters Program! We hope that you find these resources to be an extremely valuable addition to your classroom.



Visit us online at www.usmint.gov/kids



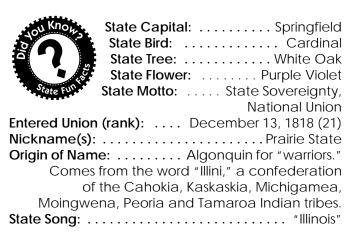


tate Information 2003 Quarters

Illinois

The Illinois quarter is the first quarter of 2003, and the 21st in the 50 State Quarters® Program. The Illinois quarter design depicts a young Abraham Lincoln within the outline of the state. A farm scene and the Chicago skyline appear on the left and to the right of the state's outline. Twenty-one stars border the coin, signifying Illinois as the 21st state to be admitted into the Union on December 3, 1818.

"The Prairie State," also commonly known as the "Land of Lincoln," pays tribute to our nation's 16th president. The young Lincoln lived and practiced law in Springfield before becoming one of our nation's greatest leaders. President Lincoln's historic home, burial site, and new presidential library are all located in the Springfield area. The final design, "Land of Lincoln—21st State/Century," represents the history and future of Illinois.



Alabama

The Alabama quarter is the second quarter of 2003, and the 22nd in the 50 State Quarters® Program. Alabama became the 22nd state to be admitted into the Union on December 14, 1819. The Alabama quarter design features an image of Helen Keller with her name in English, and in a reduced version of braille. The Alabama quarter is the first U.S. circulating coin to feature braille. An Alabama long leaf pine branch and magnolias grace the sides of the design, and a "Spirit of Courage" banner underlines the central image.

Helen Keller was born at "Ivy Green" in Tuscumbia, Alabama, in 1880. When she was a small child, an illness deprived her

of sight and hearing, the senses by which we normally learn to speak. Despite her disabilities, Helen Keller learned to speak and read using the raised and manual alphabets, as well as Braille. Miss Keller also graduated from college with honors, receiving her Bachelor of Arts degree from Radcliffe. She went on to publish numerous books, articles and essays. Helen Keller lived out her life addressing social issues for disabled persons and women. Every year at "Ivy Green," a weeklong celebration is held to commemorate her lifetime of accomplishments and her "Spirit of Courage."



Maine

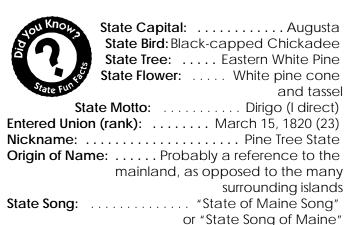
The Maine quarter is the third quarter of 2003, and the 23rd in the 50 State Quarters® Program. Maine became the 23rd state to be admitted into the Union, as part of the Missouri Compromise, on March 15, 1820. The Maine quarter design incorporates a rendition of the Pemaquid Point Light atop a granite coast and of a schooner at sea.

Pemaquid Point Light is located in New Harbor, and marks the entrance to Muscongus Bay and John Bay. Since the beginning of ship activity in the area, a shoal created hazardous navigation conditions, causing many shipwrecks. As maritime trade increased in the area, so did the need for a lighthouse. In 1826, Congress appropriated funds to build a lighthouse at Pemaquid Point. Although the original building was replaced in 1835, and the original 10 lamps in 1856, the light is still a



tate Information 2003 Quarters

beacon for ships and remains one of Maine's most popular tourist attractions. The schooner resembles "Victory Chimes," the last three-masted schooner of the Windjammer Fleet. "Victory Chimes" has become synonymous with Maine windjamming. The Pemaquid Point Light design was chosen by votes from more than 100,000 Maine residents.



Missouri -

The Missouri quarter is the fourth quarter of 2003, and the 24th in the 50 State Quarters® Program. Missouri became the 24th state on August 10, 1821, as part of the Missouri Compromise.

The Missouri quarter depicts Lewis and Clark's historic Corps of Discovery navigating the Missouri River with the Jefferson National Expansion Memorial (Gateway Arch) in the background, inscribed "Corps of Discovery 1804-2004."

While much of the state's history is tied to the mighty rivers that flow through it, the "Show Me State" got its nickname because of the devotion of its people to simple common sense. In 1899, Rep. Willard D. Vandiver said "Frothy eloquence neither convinces nor satisfies me. I'm from Missouri. You've got to show me."

It is easy to imagine President Thomas Jefferson saying "show me" as he sent Lewis and Clark forth on their 1,500-mile trek into the uncharted Louisiana Purchase territory. Their 1,500mile journey, which some claim was the greatest U.S. military expedition ever, began in St. Charles—just 20 miles west of St. Louis—and gave rise to America's westward expansion.



State Capital: Jefferson City State Bird: Bluebird State Tree: ... Flowering Dogwood **State Flower:** White Hawthorn **State Motto:** . . . Salus populi suprema lex esto (The welfare of the people shall be the supreme law) Entered Union (rank): August 10, 1821 (24) Nickname: Show Me State Origin of Name: . Named after Missouri Indian tribe whose name means "town of the large canoes" State Song: "Missouri Waltz"

Arkansas

The Arkansas quarter, fifth and final quarter of 2003, is the 25th in the 50 State Quarters® Program. Arkansas was acquired through the Louisiana Purchase and later became the Arkansas Territory before gaining statehood on June 15, 1836. The Arkansas quarter design bears the image of rice stalks, a diamond, and a mallard gracefully flying above a lake.

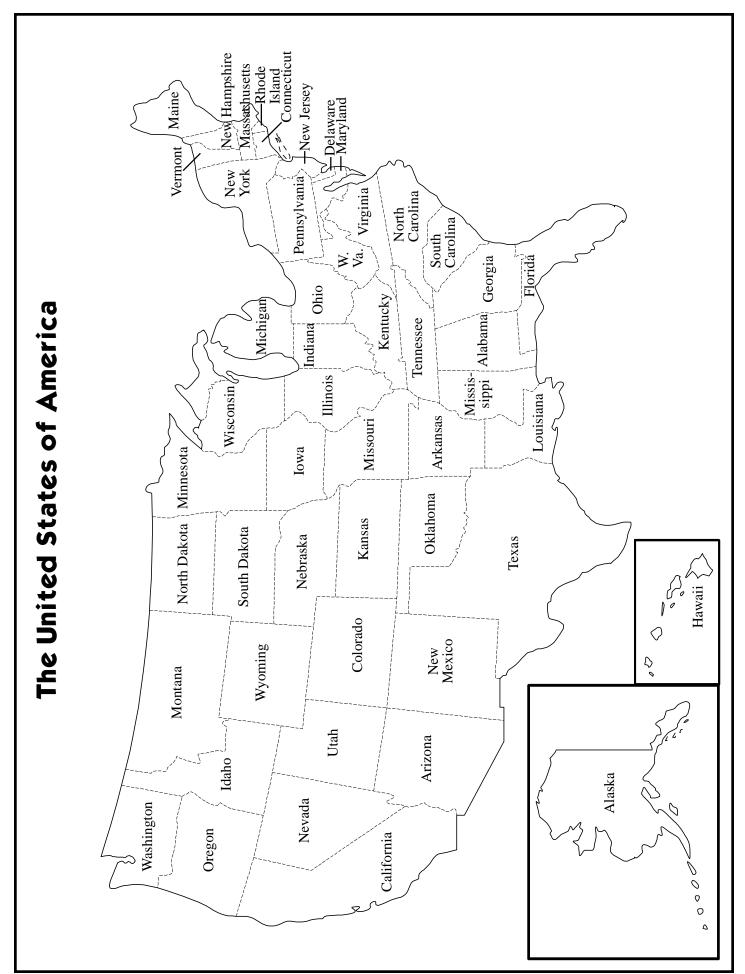
It is fitting that the "Natural State," Arkansas's official nickname, chose images of natural resources. Arkansas has an abundance of clear streams, rivers, and lakes...in fact, more than 600,000 acres of natural lakes. Arkansas is also known for its sportsmanship and attracts mallard hunters from across the nation. Visitors to Arkansas can search Crater of Diamonds State Park for precious gems including, of course, diamonds. The mine at Crater of Diamonds State Park reportedly is the oldest diamond mine in North America, and the only one in the United States open to visitors, who get to keep what they find. Visitors can also experience "Rice Fever" the way W.H. Fuller did when he grew the first commercially successful rice crop in Arkansas. Soon after, Arkansas became the leading producer of rice in the United States.



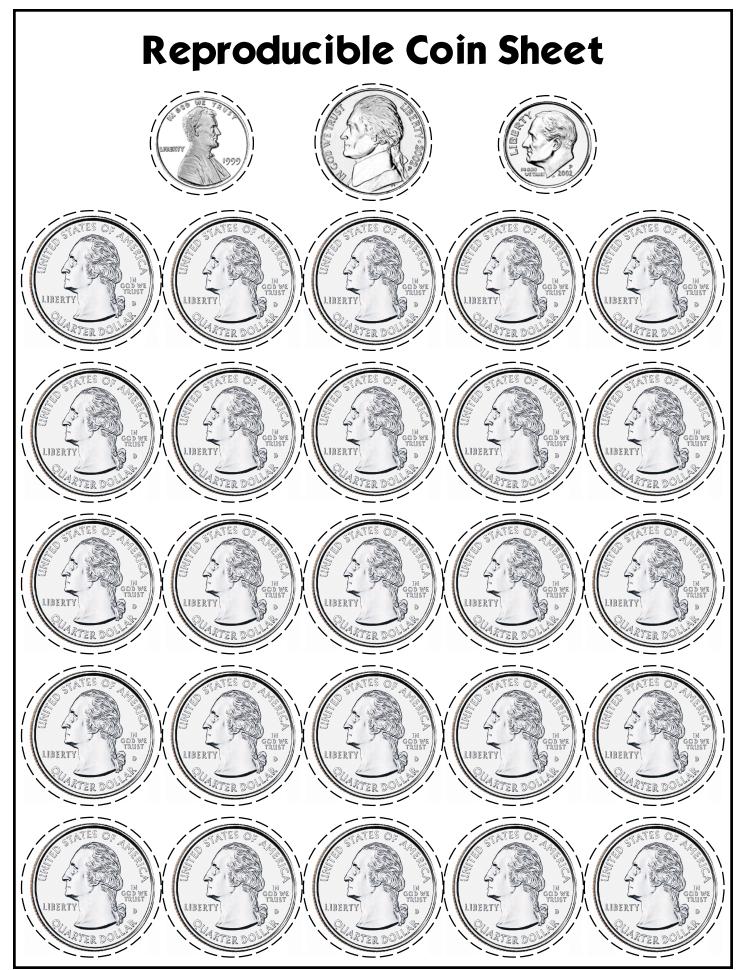
State Capital: Little Rock State Bird: Mockingbird State Tree: Pine State Flower: Apple Blossom State Motto: Regnat populus

(The People Rule)

Entered Union (rank): June 15, 1836 (25) Nickname: The Natural State Origin of Name: . French version of Sioux "acansa," meaning "downstream place" or "south wind." State Song: "Arkansas" or "Oh, Arkansas"



Reproducible Coin Sheet CORPS OF DISCOVERY





The United States Mint

50 State Quarters Program

Release Year/State Statehood Date	Release Year/State Statehood Date
1999 ————	2004 —
Delaware December 7, 1787 Pennsylvania December 12, 1787 New Jersey December 18, 1787 Georgia January 2, 1788 Connecticut January 9, 1788	Michigan January 26, 1837 Florida March 3, 1845 Texas December 29, 1845 Iowa December 28, 1846 Wisconsin May 29, 1848
2000 ————	2005 ————
MassachusettsFebruary 6, 1788MarylandApril 28, 1788South CarolinaMay 23, 1788New HampshireJune 21, 1788VirginiaJune 25, 1788	California September 9, 1850 Minnesota May 11, 1858 Oregon February 14, 1859 Kansas January 29, 1863 West Virginia June 20, 1863
2001 ————	2006 —
New York July 26, 1788 North Carolina November 21, 1789 Rhode Island May 29, 1790 Vermont March 4, 1791 Kentucky June 1, 1792	NevadaOctober 31, 1864NebraskaMarch 1, 1867ColoradoAugust 1, 1876North DakotaNovember 2, 1889South DakotaNovember 2, 1889
2002 ———	2007 —
Tennessee June 1, 1796 Ohio March 1, 1803 Louisiana April 30, 1812 Indiana December 11, 1816 Mississippi December 10, 1817	Montana November 8, 1889 Washington November 11, 1889 Idaho July 3, 1890 Wyoming July 10, 1890 Utah January 4, 1890
2003 ————	2008 —
Illinois December 3, 1818 Alabama December 14, 1819 Maine March 15, 1820 Missouri August 10, 1821 Arkansas June 15, 1836	Oklahoma November 16, 1907 New Mexico January 6, 1912 Arizona February 14, 1912 Alaska January 3, 1959 Hawaii August 21, 1959